FINECUT RHODES GRASS

Chloris gayana

Finecut is a slection from Katambora, a diploid type Rhodes grass.

BENEFITS

- · Selected for increased leaf-to-stem ratio
- Fine leaf and stem make Finecut an ideal variety for hay and silage production
- Also suited to grazing





Light to Heavy, well drained soils



5.5 - 8.0



Coated: 5-12kg/ha Bare: 2-8kg/ha

PLANTING

- October to late February, ideally sown when accommodating rains are due
- Sow into a prepared seedbed no deeper than 5mm, ensure good seed to soil contact
- Increased establishment is noted when starter feriliser incorporating nitrogen is used



USES suited to all livestock types, silage and hay

ESTABLISHMENT

Rhodes grass that has been well established should be ready for grazing/cutting after 60 days. Overgrazing can increase the time to next grazing and decrease plant stands, therefore a rotational grazing system is preferred. With cutting for hay/silage, the cutting height should not go below 10cm.

Rhodes grass should be allowed to set seed in the first year of planting to encourage seedling recruitment and seed bank. persistence is also driven by nutrition and moisture availability, and grazing management.













Companion Species - tropical grasses (Creeping Bluegrass, Signal grass, Panics, Setaria), twining legumes (Siratro, Desmodium, Glycine) & shrubby legumes (Desmanthus, Stylo, Centro, Lucerne)

